## Not for Publication in West's Federal Reporter United States Court of Appeals For the First Circuit

No. 06-2070

JUAN CARLOS DIAZ MORA, ET AL.,

Petitioners,

v.

ALBERTO R. GONZÁLES, ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Respondent.

ON PETITION FOR REVIEW OF AN ORDER OF THE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS

Before

Lynch, <u>Circuit Judge</u>, Campbell and Selya, <u>Senior Circuit Judges</u>.

Juan C. Diaz Mora on brief pro se. <u>Michael Sady</u>, Assistant U.S. Attorney, and <u>Michael J.</u> <u>Sullivan</u>, United States Attorney, on brief for respondent.

September 13, 2007

<u>**Per Curiam**</u>. After carefully considering the briefs and record in connection with this petition for judicial review, we deny the petition and <u>affirm</u> the decision below.

We review the BIA's interpretation of 'persecution on the basis of social group' *de novo*. <u>Lattab</u> v. <u>Ashcroft</u>, 384 F.3d 8, 17 (1st Cir. 2004).

Although we sympathize with the petitioners' plight, they fail to establish that the criminal extortion that they experienced constitutes persecution. See <u>Negevn</u> v. <u>Gonzales</u>, 417 F.3d 78 (1st Cir. 2005); <u>Guzman</u> v. <u>INS</u>, 327 F.3d 11 (1st Cir. 2003); <u>Nelson</u> v. <u>INS</u>, 232 F.3d 258 (1st Cir. 2000); see also <u>Matter of Acosta</u>, 19 I. & N. Dec. 211 (BIA 1985). Moreover, the petitioners failed to establish that wealthy, educated Colombians comprise a social group within the purview of 8 U.S.C. § 1231(b)(3)(A). See <u>Silva</u> v. <u>Ashcroft</u>, 394 F.3d 1 (1st Cir 2005); <u>Alvarez-Flores</u> v. <u>INS</u>, 909 F.2d 1 (1st Cir. 1990); <u>In re C-A-</u>, 23 I. & N. Dec. 951 (BIA 2006).

The petition is denied. See 1st Cir. R. 27.0(c)

-2-